

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF RHODE ISLAND**

IN RE:
DONALD W. WYATT DETENTION FACILITY

20-mc-00004

STATUS REPORT (June 29, 2020)

Detainees at the Facility	TOTAL: (% capacity)	506 66%
	USMS	477
	ICE	21
	Navy, Tribal, BOP	8
Cumulative number of detainees tested ¹	TOTAL:	1447
	Negative tests	1389
	Pending tests	1
	Positive tests	57
	Cleared	44
	Discharged	5
	Active cases (ICE)	8 0
(non-ICE)	8	
Cumulative number of staff tested (as self-reported by staff)	TOTAL:	560
	Negative tests	541
	Pending tests	1
	Positive tests	18
	Cleared	15
	Active cases	3
All efforts undertaken to mitigate the spread of COVID-19	See Attachment	A
All efforts undertaken to mitigate the spread of COVID-19 in light of a positive test	See Attachments	A & C

¹ Between June 8-12, 2020, the Facility's detainee population was tested for COVID-19. Also, in the chart above, note that positive detainees who subsequently test negative are referred to as "Cleared." "Discharged" refers to detainees who once tested positive for COVID-19 but are no longer in the Facility. Also, note that some detainees have been tested more than once per RIDOH's guidance.

Protocols for screening and testing of detainees, staff, and others entering or leaving the Facility	See Attachments	A & B
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Changes from Attachment A on prior Status Report, if any	See Attachment	C
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Respectfully Submitted,

/s/ Daniel W. Martin

Daniel W. Martin, Warden, Donald W. Wyatt
Detention Facility

ATTACHMENT A
(Facility's Mitigation Efforts and Plan)

EFFORTS BY THE DONALD W. WYATT DETENTION FACILITY TO MITIGATE AND ADDRESS THE EFFECTS OF THE CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC

Introduction

1. With the onset of the current pandemic, the Facility and its staff have been working around-the-clock to ensure that any threats posed by the coronavirus/COVID-19 pandemic are mitigated to the maximum extent possible.

2. The Facility relies on and routinely refers to the guidelines issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) for correctional and detention facilities.

3. The Facility communicates daily with representatives from the Rhode Island Department of Health (RIDOH) regarding testing and mitigation strategies.

4. Beginning on May 13, 2020, the Facility began coordinating and consulting with Rhode Island's Congregate Settings Support Team (CSST), which is a National Guard based team of professionals with medical and infectious disease experience. Specifically, the Facility is working with the CSST on issues such as swabbing/testing, infectious disease mitigation and control best practices, and staffing needs.

The Facility's Medical Staff

5. The Facility's Medical Director is Edward Blanchette, M.D. Dr. Blanchette is Board Certified in Infectious Diseases and has over 40 years of medical experience, especially in the correctional setting. He has been Medical Director at the Facility since 2010. Prior to this, he was the Director of Health Services for the Connecticut Department of Corrections for over 20 years. That system had approximately 18,000 inmates throughout Dr. Blanchette's tenure there.

6. The Facility's Health Services Administrator and Certified Correctional Health Professional (CCHP) is Ronald LaBonte. He has over 25 years of service experience in health care within the correctional environment.

7. The Facility's Advanced Practice Registered Nurse is Holly Fernandes. Ms. Fernandes has been at the Facility for approximately 15 years.

8. Finally, the Facility has at least two registered nurses on site during first and second shifts, and at least one registered nurse on site during third shift.

Specific Steps

9. The Facility has implemented strict protocols and undertaken extensive steps to minimize the threat of the coronavirus within the Facility, including, but not limited to:

- a. Directing detainees to socially distance themselves by, among other things, sitting one to two detainees at a four-person table during any non-lockdown mealtimes, providing guidance to avoid congregating in groups, permitting detainees to access the recreation yard attached to their unit on non-lockdown times, and reassigning detainees to available cells so as to further increase social distancing within the cells;
- b. Communicating with the United States Marshals Service, ICE, and Bureau of Prisons to minimize sending potential detainees who exhibit COVID-19 symptoms;
- c. Increasing mental health rounds throughout the Facility;
- d. Ensuring 24/7 on-site presence of nursing staff;
- e. Ensuring that transportation staff communicates in real time with the Facility regarding the detainees' conditions who are arriving at the Facility and to isolate any incoming symptomatic detainees as much as possible;

- f. Testing and medically screening new detainees for COVID-19 symptoms;
- g. Establishing a quarantine plan (described below) under the supervision and guidance of the Facility's medical director and in consultation with RIDOH and the Congregate Settings Support Team (CSST);
- h. Prohibiting staff from working who are experiencing any COVID-19 related symptoms, and to report any such symptoms immediately before self-isolating themselves and seeking medical attention;
- i. Requiring staff who have COVID-19 related symptoms to self-quarantine for 14 days and obtain clearance from their medical provider before returning to the Facility;
- j. Encouraging staff to follow the Governor's executive orders by minimizing their time outside of their homes so as to reduce their risks of exposure to the coronavirus;
- k. Encouraging staff to cease unnecessary physical contact such as handshakes, hugs, etc.;
- l. Implementing an enhanced cleaning protocol throughout the Facility;
- m. Providing additional soap, cleaning materials, and sanitizers throughout the Facility for use by detainees and staff;
- n. Cleaning frequently throughout the day and disinfecting tables, chairs, handrails, phone handsets, and other high-touch areas;
- o. Creating an additional night-time cleaning detail to clean and disinfect showers and other common areas with a bleach and water solution;

- p. Initially and temporarily suspending physical visitation to the Facility by family members, attorneys, and other visitors to protect the detainees and their family members during this phase of the pandemic. In mid-June, the Facility reinstated limited non-contact (i.e., through glass) visitation between detainees and their visitors. This process has been formulated in consultation with RIDOH and includes, among other things, verbally screening and temperature testing visitors, obtaining contact information for any contact tracing purposes (if necessary), avoiding any commingling of units, requiring social distancing in any waiting areas, requiring masks to be worn, and sanitizing contact areas in between visits;
- q. Screening and limiting vendors and contractors to only those personnel and visits necessary to ensure continuity of operations, such as HVAC vendors and essential deliveries (i.e., medical, food, cleaning supplies, commissary, etc.);
- r. Screening vendors and contractors who must enter the Facility for COVID-19 related symptoms and denying entry to any individuals who exhibit such symptoms. This screening consists of a temperature check and answering screening questions regarding potential exposure and risks to the Facility;
- s. Increasing the use of audio and video conferencing services for court appearances and other visits traditionally held in-person, such as between detainees and their attorneys;
- t. Increasing the number of free phone calls that detainees may make each week as well as reducing the rate that detainees pay for calls;
- u. Restricting and minimizing staff members' physical contact with each other and interactions to the maximum extent possible;

- v. Providing bilingual instruction and guidance to detainees and staff regarding the critical needs to observe strict personal hygiene such as frequent hand-washing, avoiding touching facial areas, maintaining social distancing as much as possible, and promptly reporting any symptoms consistent with COVID-19;
- w. Suspending Facility programs until further notice and working to replace those programs with alternative activities;
- x. Holding town hall-style meetings led by the Warden and the Facility's medical director with the detainees to explain the Facility's efforts, plans, and to assure them that the Facility is working diligently to reduce COVID-19 related risks. At these meetings, detainees requested more soap and personal hygiene products (which were provided), a reduced rate for paid phone calls (which was provided for domestic calls), and more access to Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) such as gloves and procedural masks (which the Facility has provided);
- y. Suspending the Facility's dental program and barber shop until further notice;
- z. Creating negative-pressure isolation and quarantine units;
- aa. Obtaining COVID-19 testing kits from RIDOH on an as-needed basis;
and
- bb. Replacing the currently-suspended in-person religious services with weekly rounds by the Facility's religious coordinator.

Quarantine and Testing Procedures

10. With the input of RIDOH and the CSST, the Facility's current intake and quarantine procedures are as follows:

- a. The Facility uses J-1 Pod (“J-1”) and F-Pod as the intake pods for all new detainees from the United States Marshals Service, ICE, the Federal Bureau of Prisons, and the United States Navy;
- b. J-1 is the Facility’s primary quarantine pod and can house up to 48 detainees. The Facility uses F-Pod (16 beds) as a supplemental location for new detainees if J-1 is full or the Facility needs to use F-Pod to maintain its cohorting arrangements within J-1;
- c. J-1 and F-Pods are separate and smaller units within the Facility;
- d. The Facility selected J-1 and F-Pod as the most appropriate primary spaces for quarantine given their size, layout, and location within the Facility;
- e. The Facility uses J-1 and F-Pod as initial intake holding pods to assess and clear detainees before releasing them into the general population;
- f. The Facility may also temporarily use one of its multipurpose spaces (before COVID-19, used as a chapel and meeting space) to house new detainees, when necessary, due to the need to maintain existing cohorts in J-1 and F-Pod (i.e., to avoid introducing new detainees into areas where the Facility previously identified positive detainees). This multipurpose area is equipped with portable cots/linens, detainee showers, restrooms, activity space, televisions, and telephones;
- g. Although the Facility currently has two medical isolation units which are negatively pressured, the Facility’s HVAC contractor has successfully completed work to turn the entire J-1 pod (48 beds) into a negative pressure isolation unit and as of May 8, 2020, the entire I-Pod (female detainees, 40 beds), and the entire K-Pod (special purpose/protective custody, 70 beds) are negatively-pressured. As of May 22, 2020,

the entire J-2 pod (96 beds) is negatively pressured. As of June 23, 2020, the entire H-Pod (96beds) is negatively pressured. Accordingly, as of that date, the Facility has 353 total beds which are negatively pressured;

- h. The Facility screens new detainees by asking them questions regarding their travel history, contact with potential COVID-19 positive individuals, and other risk and exposure factors;
- i. All detainees arriving to the Facility are held in isolation, medically screened, and **tested** for COVID-19 within a business day upon their arrival;
- j. New detainees are monitored and medically screened daily, and mental health unit staff check in with the J-1 and F-Pod detainees every day the staff are onsite;
- k. During this period, detainees are instructed to self-report any symptoms;
- l. If the detainee's initial test is negative, the detainee remains in quarantine until the detainee is re-tested toward the end of the initial two-week intake period (i.e., 14 days);
- m. If, after this two-test process the detainee is negative in both tests, then the detainee will be cleared for release into the general population;
- n. If a new detainee receives a positive test during this initial quarantine period, the detainee will be placed in an appropriate cohort unit or into one of the Facility's negative pressure units, closely monitored for symptoms, and re-tested;
- o. Only after two successive negative tests will the detainee's condition be considered resolved or cleared;
- p. Any detainee who refuses medical screening is not moved to general population but is instead issued a disciplinary ticket and placed into segregation; and

- q. To date, no new detainee has refused COVID-19 related medical screening.

Protocols in the event of a confirmed COVID-19 case

11. Every day, the Facility reports via email to the governmental entities who entrust their detainees to the Facility's care the status of COVID-19 within its population.

12. If a detainee tests positive for COVID-19, the Facility has a plan in place to address that situation using all precautions necessary throughout this process. The Facility will:²

- a. Isolate the detainee in the medical isolation/negative pressure unit,³ ensure that the detainee has a mask to wear, and further medically evaluate the detainee;
- b. Interview the detainee to determine the nature and extent of their symptoms, the date of their onset, who they recently came into close contact with (i.e., contact tracing, as defined by the CDC), what areas they may have touched, and other specific facts to assess the detainee's condition and their potential impact on staff and other detainees within the Facility;
- c. Clean and sanitize any areas identified as part of this interview that need to be addressed;
- d. Interview other detainees who were identified during the contact tracing process;
- e. Secure and isolate the detainee's unit and limit access by staff to those staff necessary and with appropriate protections (masks, gloves, etc.), inform other

² It is difficult to lay out every single step the Facility will take if it has a positive case because of the number of action items that will be required, the exigencies of the situation, and the need to be flexible and adapt to every situation's unique needs. But, nonetheless, this document provides the framework and parameters that will guide the Facility's action.

³ A negative pressure environment reduces air pressure so that outside air can be brought into the segregated environment. The goal of this environment is to trap and keep potentially harmful particles within the negative pressure room by preventing internal air from leaving that space.

detainees in the affected unit of the positive case, instruct them to wear masks when outside their cells, remind them to report any symptoms immediately, remind them of the importance of personal hygiene and social distancing, and medically screen them twice per day;

- f. Order a COVID-19 test for any detainee who presents with symptoms necessitating such a test and any detainee whom RIDOH believes based upon contact tracing and exposure should be tested; and
- g. Notify all necessary parties and agencies, including, but not limited to, RIDOH, the Facility's staff, and its user agencies.

The Facility has several contingency plans in place if it experiences multiple COVID-19 cases. For example, the Facility can handle up to two cases within its Health Services Unit. But, if the number of cases increases, the Facility may use J-1 (48 beds) if appropriate, and, if necessary, F-pod, which has 16 cells. Alternatively, in consultation with RIDOH, the Facility may maintain appropriate cohorts in their particular locations in an effort to limit any spread of the disease. For example, as of the date of the June 15, 2020 Status Report, and except for any positive detainees who may be in the Facility's Health Services Unit, the Facility assigns positive detainees together as a cohort in B-Pod. The Facility would then assess the situation to determine the most appropriate cohorting and living arrangements depending on the specifics of each detainee's situation (i.e., comorbidities, age, risk factors, etc.)

General Facility cleaning, sanitizing, and prevention measures

13. The Facility has placed COVID-19 related signage from the CDC regarding symptoms, hygiene, and best practices throughout the Facility in English and Spanish. When the Facility holds its town-hall style meetings (including the one it recently held regarding COVID-

19), translators are available to assist with any detainee needing translation to ensure the messages are received and understood by all detainees.

14. Every cell has its own sink and soap is provided to the detainees.

15. Hand sanitizing is available to the detainees upon request from staff when detainees are out of their cells.

16. The Facility recently received a full pallet (120 gallons) of hand sanitizer and touch-free hand sanitizer dispensers for detainees to access as they wish;

17. Cleaning chemicals in spray bottles and paper towels are available on the units throughout the day and are consistently monitored and refilled by staff when needed. When detainee workers are out of their cells and working in the pods, they are consistently spraying, wiping, and cleaning high-touch areas such as handles, railings, chairs, tables, screens, microwaves, etc. In addition, the third-shift cleaning crew (while other detainees are in their cells) performs a thorough bleach-based cleaning of each unit which takes an average of several hours each night.

18. Procedural face masks were initially distributed to staff and detainees. The Facility obtained 2,000 additional masks and is continually in the process of obtaining more masks to have on hand. On May 21, 2020, the Facility distributed KN95 masks, gloves, soap, and vitamins to its detainees.

19. Although the Facility cannot control the ingress and egress of detainees because such decisions are made by its user agencies, the Facility medically screens every detainee before release and also communicates regularly with user agencies who are sending new detainees for intake to ensure as much as possible that no COVID-19 suspected or positive detainees are introduced into the Facility.

ATTACHMENT B
(Screening Protocols)

DETAINEES

Place Label Here

DONALD W. WYATT DETENTION FACILITY
Detainee COVID-19 SCREEN

Detainee Name (Print)		ID#	DOB
DETAINEE QUESTIONNAIRE			COMMENTS
1.	Fever: Onset date (/ /) Measured, highest temp: ____ Current Temp: _____	Yes No	
2.	Dry cough Onset date (/ /)	Yes No	
3.	Shortness of breath/dyspnea Onset date (/ /)	Yes No	
4.	Productive Cough Onset date (/ /)	Yes No	
5.	Sore throat Onset date (/ /)	Yes No	
6.	Headache Onset date (/ /)	Yes No	
7.	Chills Onset date (/ /)	Yes No	
8.	Muscle aches Onset date (/ /)	Yes No	
9.	Nausea/vomiting Onset date (/ /)	Yes No	
10.	Abdominal pain Onset date (/ /)	Yes No	
11.	Diarrhea Onset date (/ /)	Yes No	
12.	Runny nose/rhinorrhea Onset date (/ /)	Yes No	
TRAVEL HISTORY			
13 *	Have you been out of the continental United States (CONUS) (Lower 48) in the past 14 days? If yes: Last date outside CONUS: _____	Yes No	

14*	Have you been in close contact with a person with laboratory-confirmed 2019-novel coronavirus in the past 14 days? Last date you had contact with that person: (/ /)	Yes	No	
15	YES To #1-4, # 13 or 14: Call HSA/Designee Immediately Clinical impression patient has ILI: Call HSA/Designee Immediately	Yes	No	

DRAFT VERSION 20 April 2020

Staff Name (Print) _____ Signature _____

Date: _____ Time: _____

STAFF AND VISITORS

**CENTRAL FALLS
DETENTION FACILITY CORPORATION**

**STAFF AND VISITOR
COVID-19 SCREENING TOOL**

Name (Print)		DOB		
PART 1				COMMENTS
	PERSON REFUSES TEMPERATURE CHECK		Person does not enter and call Shift Commander Immediately	
1.	Fever: Onset date (/ /) Measured, highest temp: ____ Current Temp: _____	Yes	No	
2.	Do you feel feverish? (Chills, sweats etc.)	Yes	No	
3.	Do you have a dry cough?	Yes	No	
4.	Are you feeling short of breath?	Yes	No	
5.	Do you feel like you are ill?	Yes	No	
PART 2/COMPLETE IF YES TO ANY 1-5 ABOVE				COMMENTS
6	Cough Onset date (/ /)	Yes	No	
7.	Shortness of breath/dyspnea Onset date (/ /)	Yes	No	
8.	Sore throat Onset date (/ /)	Yes	No	
9.	Headache Onset date (/ /)	Yes	No	
10.	Chills Onset date (/ /)	Yes	No	
11.	Muscle aches Onset date (/ /)	Yes	No	
12.	Diarrhea/Nausea/vomiting Onset date (/ /)	Yes	No	
13.	Runny nose/rhinorrhea Onset date (/ /)	Yes	No	
TRAVEL HISTORY				
14.*	Have you been out of the continental United States (CONUS) (Lower 48) in the past 14 days? If yes: Last date outside CONUS: _____	Yes	No	
15.*	Have you been in close contact with a person with laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 in the past 14 days? Last date you had contact with that person: (/ /)	Yes	No	

	Body temperature at or above 99.6 degrees, and/or YES To # 1-5, 14 or 15, and/or Clinical impression patient has ILI: Person does not enter and call Shift Commander Immediately			
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DRAFT VERSION 2 APRIL 2020

Staff Name (Print) _____ Signature _____

Date: _____ Time: _____

ATTACHMENT C
(Changes from last Status Report)

The following paragraph(s) identify and highlight any key changes made to Attachment A from the last Status Report and provides additional current information.

1. ***Additional Negative Pressure Units*** – Paragraph 10(g) notes that H-Pod (96 beds) is now negatively pressured, bringing the total number of negative pressure beds in the Facility to 353.