ORGANIZATIONAL GUIDELINE SCENARIOS

1.	The Defendant company, a multi-million dollar business, operated cargo ships that knowingly operated in U.S. waters without required equipment to separate oil and other waste from bilge water before being pumped into open waters. Company was charged with failure to maintain an accurate oil record book and unlawful discharge in violation of 33 U.S.C. § 1908(a)). Is it necessary to calculate a fine range under the guidelines?
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2.	The Defendant company, a multi-million dollar business, was convicted of wire fraud (18 U.S.C. § 1343) resulting in \$10M in loss to 15 victims. The government notified the court that Defendant fully cooperated and accepted responsibility.
	What is the offense level for purposes of calculating a fine range under the guidelines?
3.	Defendant A has pleaded guilty to one count of money laundering in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1956. Defendant A is a successful advertising agency that employs 200 people. The sole owner of the advertising agency (Owner) was approached by his neighbor (Neighbor) who stated that he needed "help cashing some checks." Neighbor proposed that he would write \$10,000 checks to Defendant A, and that Defendant A need not provide any advertising services. Instead, Neighbor asked Defendant A to return \$9,000 in cash to Neighbor and to keep the remainder for itself. Owner agreed, and this arrangement continued for several months, with Defendant A taking in over \$250,000 in checks from Neighbor, before Neighbor was arrested for being part of a criminal operation.
	During the period in which Defendant A was involved in the scheme, it continued to conduct its other legitimate business. There is no other evidence of illegal activity in the company's past.

The current market value of Defendant A's assets is approximately \$3 million. The company's annual net income was approximately \$200,000.

	Defendant A has cooperated with the investigation and Owner has written a statement accepting responsibility on behalf of the company.
	The court has previously sentenced Owner to a prison term and a \$20,000 fine for this activity.
	How would the company's guidelines be calculated in this case?
4.	Defendant B has pleaded guilty to one count of price-fixing in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1. Defendant B is a successful automotive component manufacturer that employs 150 people. Defendant B also manufactures commercial lighting products, but the violation did not involve this aspect of the business.
	During a three-year period, Defendant B and three other manufacturers conspired to fix prices for taillights and other automotive components sold to customers in the United States and elsewhere. Defendant B, through its Owner, regularly communicated with competitors to agree on product pricing and pricing structures designed to limit competition and maintain high prices. Records demonstrate that the total volume of commerce affected by the conspiracy and attributable to Defendant B over the three-year period was \$12 million in automotive components.
	There is no evidence of other misconduct in the company's 15-year history. The current market value of the company's assets is approximately \$20 million. The company's annual net income is approximately \$1,750,000.
	The company has cooperated with the investigation and the company's president has written a statement accepting responsibility on behalf of the company.
	How would the company's guidelines be calculated in this case?