Reasonable Doubt

As I have said, the burden is on the Government to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the Defendant is guilty of the charges made against her. It is a strict and heavy burden, but it does not mean that the Defendant's guilt must be proved beyond all possible doubt. It does require that the evidence exclude any reasonable doubt concerning the Defendant's guilt.

A reasonable doubt may arise not only from the evidence produced but also from a lack of evidence. Reasonable doubt exists when, after weighing and considering all the evidence, using reason and common sense, jurors cannot say that they have a settled conviction of the truth of the charge.

Of course, a Defendant is never to be convicted on suspicion or conjecture. If, for example, you view the evidence in the case as reasonably permitting either of two conclusions - one that the Defendant is guilty as charged, and the other that the Defendant is not guilty - you will find the Defendant not guilty.

It is not sufficient for the Government to establish a probability, though a strong one, that a fact charged is more likely to be true than not true. That is not enough to meet the burden of proof beyond reasonable doubt. On the other hand, there are very few things in this world that we know with absolute certainty, and in criminal cases the law does not

require proof that overcomes every possible doubt.

Concluding my instructions on the burden, then, I instruct you that what the Government must do to meet its heavy burden is to establish the truth of each part of the offenses charged by proof that convinces you and leaves you with no reasonable doubt, and thus satisfies you that you can, consistently with your oath as jurors, base your verdict upon it. If you so find as to one or more of the charges against the Defendant, you will return a verdict of guilty on those charges. If, on the other hand, you think there is a reasonable doubt about whether the Defendant is guilty of an offense, you must give the Defendant the benefit of the doubt and find the Defendant not guilty of that offense.